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2009

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ing vessels, 28; crew inspected on incoming vessels, 237; passengers inspected on outgoing vessels, 39; crew inspected on outgoing vessels, 270.

Respectfully,

G. M. GUITÉRAS,
Passed Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON GENERAL,
U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Reports from Nuevitas, Puerto Padre, Gibara, and Baracoa.

NUEVITAS, CUBA, August 13, 1901.

SIR: I have the honor to submit, through the chief quarantine officer, the following report for the week ended August 10, 1901:

Nine vessels arrived at this port and 9 bills of health were issued. There were 4 deaths—1 Bright's disease, 1 traumatic tetanus, 1 valvular insufficiency, 1 malarial fever. The sanitary condition of the town is good. The weather is cloudy with some rain every afternoon, very much like the summer of 1898 at Santiago. The past two summers were extremely dry at this place; there has been no marked increase in the amount of sickness however.

Puerto Padre.—Reports show the arrival of 7 vessels, the issuance of five bills of health, and 2 deaths—1 pernicious malarial fever, 1 from lightning. Sanitary condition, good.

Gibara.—Reports show the arrival of 11 vessels, the issuance of 10 bills of health, 1 death. Sanitary condition, good.

Baracoa.—Reports show the arrival of 6 vessels, the issuance of 6 bills of health, and 7 deaths—hepatic colic, 1; infantile tetanus, 1; valvular insufficiency, 1; malarial fever, 1; cerebral anæmia, 1; uterine cancer, 1; cholera infantum, 1. Sanitary condition, good.

There is no report of quarantinable disease at any point in the district.

Respectfully,

OWEN W. STONE,
Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON GENERAL,
U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

ENGLAND.

Report from London—Plague in Africa.

LONDON, ENGLAND, August 12, 1901.

SIR: I have the honor to report that the health of London and the United Kingdom remains satisfactory. The death rate of London, however, rose for the week ended August 3 to 20.0 per 1,000, and that of the 33 great towns to 22.4 per 1,000. One death from smallpox occurred in London during this period. Three cases of typhus fever occurred in Dublin during the above period and 2 in Belfast.

A few cases of plague continue to occur in Cape Colony, and up to July 27 there had been in Cape Town a total of 734 cases and 355 deaths; in Port Elizabeth, 33 cases and 13 deaths, and in various other parts of the colony there have been 10 cases and 2 deaths. The center of interest regarding plague, however, seems to have been transferred from Cape Colony to the Eastern Mediterranean. For the week ended July 28, 7 cases of plague and 3 deaths were reported in Egypt. Of these, 4 cases and 1 death occurred at Alexandria; 2 cases and 1 death at Zagazig, and 1 case and 1 death at Port Said. A fresh case of plague

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was reported in Constantinople on July 27, but up to the present time there seems to be no connection between the various cases. In Mauritius for the week ended August 1, 1 death from plague is reported.

Respectfully,

A. R. THOMAS,

Passed Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL, U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

GUATEMALA.

Reports from Livingston—Fruit port.

LIVINGSTON, GUATEMALA, August 19, 1901.

SIR: I have to make the following report of the conditions and transactions at this port during the week ended August 14, 1901:

Present officially estimated population, 3,000. Number of cases and deaths from yellow fever during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from smallpox during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from typhus fever during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from cholera during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from plague during the week, none; number of deaths from other causes during the week, none. Prevailing diseases, malarial. General sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week was good.

Bills of health were issued to the following vessels: August 18, steamship *Bergenser*; crew, 16; passengers from this port, none; passengers in transit, none; pieces of baggage disinfected, none; steamship *Mangagua*; crew, 17; passengers from this port, none; passengers in transit, none; pieces of baggage disinfected, none.

Respectfully,

W. K. FORT,

Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL, U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

LIVINGSTON, GUATEMALA, July 28, 1901.

SIR: I have to make the following report of the conditions and transactions at this port during the week ended July 25, 1901:

Present officially estimated population, 3,000. Number of cases and deaths from yellow fever during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from smallpox during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from typhus fever during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from cholera during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from plague during the week, none; number of deaths from other causes during the week, none. Prevailing diseases, malarial. General sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good. Two deaths during July.

Bills of health were issued to the following vessels: July 25, steamship *Sunniva*; crew, 14; passengers from this port, none; passengers in transit, none; pieces of baggage disinfected, none. August 1, steamship *Bergenser*; crew, 16; passengers from this port, none; passengers in transit, none; pieces of baggage disinfected, none; steamship *Mangagua*; crew, 16; passengers from this port, none; passengers in transit, none; pieces of baggage disinfected, none. August 8, steamship *Esther*; crew, 19; passengers from this port, none; passengers in transit, none; pieces of baggage disinfected, none.

Respectfully,

W. K. FORT,

Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL, U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.